

jQuery Documentation



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search Search jQuery API Documentation. jQuery API. jQuery is a fast, small, and feature-rich JavaScript library. It makes things like HTML document traversal and manipulation, event handling, animation, and Ajax much simpler with an easy-to-use API that works across a multitude of browsers.

jQuery XMLHttpRequest

The jQuery XMLHttpRequest (jqXHR) object returned by \$.ajax() as of jQuery 1.5 is a superset of the browser's native XMLHttpRequest object. For example, it contains responseText and responseXML properties, as well as a getResponseHeader() method.

jQuery.ajax() | jQuery API Documentation

A set of key/value pairs that configure the Ajax request. All properties except for url are optional. A default can be set for any option with \$.ajaxSetup(). See jQuery.ajax(settings) for a complete list of all settings. The type option will automatically be set to GET.

jQuery.get() | jQuery API Documentation

As of jQuery 1.9.0 (and unless using the jQuery Migrate plugin), jQuery() requires the HTML string to start with a < (i.e text nodes cannot appear at the front of the HTML string). As of jQuery 1.4, the second argument to jQuery() can accept a plain object consisting of a superset of the properties that can be passed to the .attr() method.

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jQuery's event system requires that a DOM element allow attaching data via a property on the element, so that events can be tracked and delivered. The object, embed, and applet elements cannot attach data, and therefore cannot have jQuery events bound to them.

.on() | jQuery API Documentation

The remaining parameter of .animate() is a string naming an easing function to use. An easing function specifies the speed at which the animation progresses at different points within the animation. The only easing implementations in the jQuery library are the default, called swing, and one that progresses at a constant pace, called linear.

